

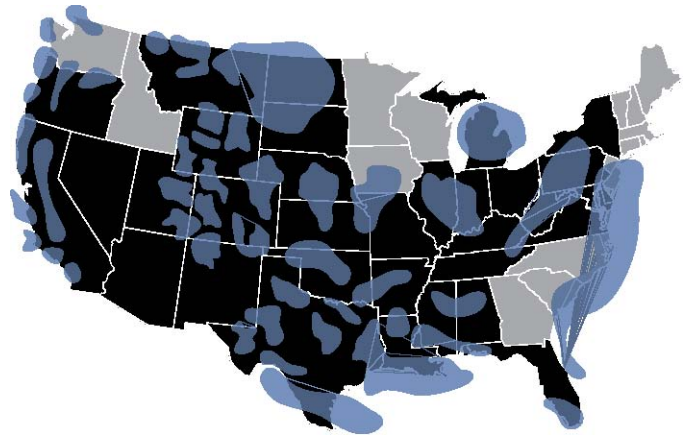
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Natural Gas facts

What is natural gas? How does it differ from other hydrocarbon energy sources?

- **Natural Gas:** Is a gaseous fossil fuel containing mostly methane. It is the cleanest burning fossil fuel.
- **Heating Oil:** Is a liquid petroleum product typically used to fuel building furnaces, or "boilers."
- **Propane:** Is a gas that can be compressed into a liquid commonly used as an engine fuel, home heating and for barbeque grills. Also called LP or LPG and often derived from raw natural gas flows.
- **LNG:** Stands for liquefied natural gas, which is natural gas temporarily made into a storable liquid by cooling natural gas to -260 degrees F.
- **Gasoline:** Is a mixture of hydrocarbons enhanced with benzene and used as a motor fuel.
- **Coal:** Is a combustible black or brownish-black rock made mostly of carbon, sulfur and other elements. Coal is the dirtiest of all fossil fuels when consumed.

Natural gas reserves in the Continental U.S.:



Primary uses of natural gas:

- Residential (22%)
- Commercial (14%)
- Industrial (43%)
- Electric Utilities (18%)
- Transportation (3%)

Natural gas is a high-demand premium fuel:

- The federal government projects use of natural gas in the U.S. will increase 64% in the next two decades, with electric generation and industrial uses leading the way.
- Natural gas burns 28% cleaner than oil, 43% cleaner than coal and is 60% more efficient.

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